## Amendments to the Claims:

Please cancel claims 10 and 12 to 14 and add claims 15 to 18 as set forth hereinafter.

## **Listing of Claims**:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Original) Polyazamacrocyclic compounds for radiometal labeling, comprising an  $N_n$  system, wherein n is 4, 5 or 6, with varying ring size, and wherein at least one of the N atoms is substituted with a free carboxylate group for coupling to an amino function in a bioactive effector molecule, while all N atoms carry a protected sidechain.
- 2. (Original) Compound as claimed in claim 1 having the general formula:

3. (Currently Amended) Compound as claimed in claim 1 or 2, which compound is 1- (1-carboxy-3-carbotertbutoxypropyl)- 4,7,10 (carbotertbutoxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-

tetraazacyclododecane (DOTAGA (tBu) 4).

4. (Original) Chelating compounds for labeling bioactive molecules with a radiometal, having the general formula:

in which:

both Y groups may be positioned either trans as shown or cis;

A is an effector molecule, such as a peptide, in particular octreotide, CCK, substance P, gastrine, a protein, in particular an antibody or enzyme, sugars or radiosensitizing agents, like doxorubicin;

R is a hydrogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl or a alcohol;

X is a spacer, in particular  $(CH_2)_n$  -X', in which n is 1-10 and X' is COOH,  $NH_2$ , SH, OH or O-halogen, in which halogen is in particular Br, I or CI or a molecule of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{-COOH} \\ \text{NH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2\text{-COOH} \end{array}$$

or of the formula

Y isCOO<sup>-</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, optionally complexed with a radiometal.

- 5. (Currently Amended) Compounds as claimed in claim 4, wherein R is hydrogen, n is 1, X' is COOH, and Y is COO and A is as defined in claim 3.
- 6. (Original) Compound as claimed in claim 5, wherein R is hydrogen, n is 1, X' is COOH, Y is COO<sup>-</sup> and A is octreotide or octreotate.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Compound as claimed in claim 4, wherein R is COOH, n is1, X' is COOH, and Y is COO<sup>-</sup> and A is as defined in claim 3.
- 8. (Original) Compound as claimed in claim 7, wherein R is COOH, n is 1, X' is COOH, Y is COO and A is octreotide or octreotate.
- 9. (Currently Amended) Compounds as claimed in claim 4, selected from the group consisting of DOTAtyr<sup>3</sup> octreotide,

DOTAtyr<sup>3</sup>octreotate, DOTA3tyr<sup>3</sup>octreotide, DOTA3tyr<sup>3</sup>octreotate, DOTAt3tyr<sup>3</sup>octreotate, and DOTAta.13tyr<sup>3</sup>octreotate.

- 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Currently Amended) Method for the preparation of preparing radiometal labeled bioactive molecules, comprising the steps of:
- a) synthesizing compounds as claimed in <del>claims 1-3</del> <u>claim 1</u> having protected side chains on the N atoms and a free carboxylate group;

- b) coupling a bioactive molecule to the free carboxylate group;
- c) deprotecting the protected side chains; and
- d) labeling the <u>a</u> chelator structure thus obtained with a desired radiometal.
- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (New) Method for diagnosing a disease comprising:

labeling the chelating compound of claim 4 with a radiometal to produce a labeled chelating compound; and

diagnosing a disease with said labeled chelating compound.

- 16. (New) A diagnostic or therapeutic composition comprising the chelating compound of claim 4.
- 17. (New) A method for preparing the diagnostic or therapeutic composition of claim 16 comprising

providing said chelating compound; and reacting said chelating compound with a radiometal.

18. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein said radiometal is <sup>90</sup>Y.